



Федеральное агентство по образованию  
Тольяттинский государственный университет  
Гуманитарный институт  
Кафедра «Теория и практика перевода»

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**КОНТРОЛЬНЫЕ РАБОТЫ ПО ПРАКТИЧЕСКОМУ  
КУРСУ ПЕРВОГО ИНОСТРАННОГО ЯЗЫКА  
К УЧЕБНИКУ «INSIDE OUT INTERMEDIATE»**

Учебно-методическое пособие  
для студентов специальности «Перевод и переводоведение»

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Пособие предназначено для студентов языковых вузов, обучающихся на лингвистических специальностях по дисциплине «Практический курс первого иностранного языка», и направлено на осуществление контроля усвоения лексики, навыков и умений аудирования и чтения в рамках тем учебника «Inside Out Intermediate».

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## ВВЕДЕНИЕ

Данное пособие предназначено для студентов языковых вузов, обучающихся на лингвистических специальностях по дисциплине «Практический курс первого иностранного языка» (английский), и направлено на осуществление контроля усвоения лексики, навыков и умений аудирования и чтения в рамках тем учебника «Inside Out Intermediate».

Контрольные работы (в соответствии с учебником) охватывают 2-4 семестры изучения дисциплины.

Пособие состоит из введения, содержащего методические рекомендации по выполнению, и 14 контрольных работ, соответствующих тематической организации учебника «Inside Out Intermediate» за исключением двух тем «Review», которые носят обобщающий характер.

Контрольная работа имеет индивидуальный номер, а также название темы учебника, которой она соответствует.

Каждая контрольная работа содержит следующие разделы:

1) задание по переводу лексики с английского языка на русский, позволяющее проконтролировать знание лексики, а также развивающее простые навыки перевода;

2) задание по переводу лексики с русского языка на английский, позволяющее проконтролировать знание лексики не только с точки зрения содержательной стороны, но и правописания;

3) задание на контроль навыков и умений в рамках определенной темы:

а) задание на контроль навыков и умений различных видов аудирования, которое может отличаться по виду в разных контрольных работах;

б) задание на контроль навыков и умений различных видов чтения, которое может отличаться по виду в разных контрольных работах;

4) задание на контроль контекстного употребления лексики (1-3 задания в каждой контрольной работе), которое может включать следующие виды:

а) подбор синонимов или антонимов;

б) заполнение пропусков в предложениях или связном тексте;

в) «дешифровка» слов;

г) выделение лишнего слова в ряду;

д) поиск соответствий различного типа;

- е) поиск логических ошибок и их исправление;
- ж) выбор одного из предложенных вариантов ответа;
- з) продолжение логического ряда;
- и) краткий ответ на вопрос;
- й) образование деривативов от основы слова, соответствующих контексту;
- к) распределение лексики по группам.

На выполнение каждой контрольной работы отводится 30-40 минут.

За каждое задание присваивается определенное количество баллов; их количество указано в скобках под формулировкой задания. Общее количество баллов указано под заголовком контрольной работы.

В соответствии с набранным количеством баллов оценка определяется по следующей шкале:

<b>% от общего количества баллов</b>	<b>Оценка</b>
100-90%	«отлично»
89-70%	«хорошо»
69-50%	«удовлетворительно»
50% и ниже	«неудовлетворительно»

Благодаря данному пособию осуществляется комплексная проверка знаний, умений и навыков студента в рамках определенной темы.

Пособие также можно использовать в качестве сборника тренировочных тестов или упражнений по закреплению лексики.

## TEST 1.

### UNIT 1. FRIENDS

Total: 52 points

#### I. Translate from English into Russian

(10 points)

1. dual nationality	6. to go solo
2. to go out	7. a daring adventure
3. founder	8. to find out
4. a survival strategy	9. get-together
5. to click	10. to start seeing smb

#### II. Translate from Russian into English

(10 points)

1. завладеть чьим-либо вниманием	5. жить в комнате вдвоем
2. проводить много времени на работе	6. закончиться
3. хорошо зарабатывать	7. выбор
4. до настоящего времени	8. преследовать, следовать
	9. наводнить эфир
	10. стать дважды платиновым

#### III. Give the antonyms to the words below

(10 points)

1. old-fashioned	6. to split up
2. very sad	7. to lie
3. stay-at-home lifestyle	8. a little number of sth
4. credit card	9. to obey
5. city centre	10. improvise

#### IV. Fill in the gaps with the prepositions where necessary

(13 points)

1. I couldn't answer \_\_\_ the phone because I was in the bathroom.
2. She got married \_\_\_ a real ugly guy.
3. My friend always wanted to get involved \_\_\_ the bohemian life.
4. I work \_\_\_ a construction company.
5. Don't believe him! He has already had an affair \_\_\_ his wife's best friend.
6. David Beckham plays \_\_\_ 'Real Madrid'.

7. You remind me \_\_\_ my mom.
8. Would you like to join \_\_\_ a party or stay anti-political?
9. Is it easy for you to make friends \_\_\_ people?
10. The popular band 'Black Eyed Peas' is \_\_\_ tour now.
11. When Johnny Depp appeared \_\_\_ a film for children everyone was amazed.
12. If you want to get \_\_\_ the top \_\_\_ the profession you should work really hard.

**V. Complete the text with friendship vocabulary**

(9 points)

I first (1) \_\_\_\_\_ Jerry at university. We hit it (2) \_\_\_\_\_ immediately and became close (3) \_\_\_\_\_. I suppose we got (4) \_\_\_\_\_ well together because we had a lot in (5) \_\_\_\_\_: we both played football, we liked the same music. Since we left university we've drifted (6) \_\_\_\_\_. These days we almost never see each other. We've never actually fallen (7) \_\_\_\_\_ or anything; we've just gone our separate (8) \_\_\_\_\_, I suppose. Still, I'd like to think that in a crisis we'd still be (9) \_\_\_\_\_ for one another.

**TEST 2**  
**UNIT 2. RELAX**

Total: 60 points

**I. Translate from English into Russian**

(10 points)

1. to go off	6. in one's right mind
2. to be difficult to swallow	7. portrayal of life
3. to dream in colour	8. an appalling accident
4. a path to inner peace	9. to regain balance
5. deadline	10. apart from that

## II. Translate from Russian into English

(10 points)

1. порция чего-либо	6. сложно вникнуть
2. аннотация на обложке	7. преуспеть в чем-либо
3. особый талант к чему-либо	8. смущенный
4. премьерера	9. неэффективность
5. назначить встречу	10. стоять в очереди

## III. Ten people were asked how they relaxed at the end of the day. Listen and write down the main thing(s) they do

(10 points)

## IV. Complete the text by rearranging the mixed-up words

(10 points)

Am I a relaxed person? Well, yes and no I suppose. During the week, I get up at the (1) rckac of nwda, rush around like a (2) ultcani and then sit in traffic for anything up to an hour. I always try to (3) tsi cbka and relax, but it never works and I've generally (4) sotl my eptmer at least once before I even get to work. On top of that, things can get a bit stressful from time to time in my job and you'll very often find me sitting on the (5) deeg of my aset, deep in thought and (6) glidfndi non-stop with my hair. I also (7) ditefg a lot – the people in the office are always shouting at me to sit still! Another bad habit I've got is that I (8) tbie my slina. You can tell what kind of week I'm having by looking at my hands!

However, I am lucky that I find it easy to (9) chistw fof from work when I'm not there. I always begin the weekend by having a long, long (10) ile-ni followed by breakfast in bed and the newspaper – heaven! But before I know it, it's Monday morning again and I'm sitting in that damn traffic...

### V. Find the odd word

(10 points)

1. reggae-lyrics-tearjerker-blues	7. happy-cheerful-excited-exhausted
2. bring out-turn over-paperback-director	8. once in a blue moon-frequently-hardly ever-now and again
3. live-comedy-western-action	9. have a nap-float in water-get headaches-read a book
4. can't put it down-bestseller-starring-biography	10. apply to smb-shout at smb-complain to smb-ignore smb
5. directed by-cast-band-based on	
6. opera-classical-subtitles-orchestra	

### VI. Fill in the gaps with the appropriate prepositions

(10 points)

1. She always arrives to the university \_\_\_ time.
2. The conjurer made a hat \_\_\_ a rabbit.
3. I was \_\_\_ the impression that the boy was ill.
4. He goes \_\_\_ a run every morning.
5. Don't judge the book \_\_\_ its cover; it's quite interesting.
6. You have to deal \_\_\_ this problem, anyway!
7. She got angry \_\_\_ her cat because it ate her favourite budgie.
8. I don't know what dress to buy – I haven't made \_\_\_ my mind yet.
9. Carry \_\_\_ walking!
10. She's never been \_\_\_ a diet: weighs a ton but is completely self-satisfied.

## TEST 3 UNIT 3. DATING

Total: 67 points

### I. Translate from English into Russian

(10 points)

1. sense of right and wrong	6. tourist attraction
2. publicity stunt	7. loyal
3. commitment	8. to change one's mind
4. compatible	9. to be in one's teens
5. It can't get any worse than this	10. a real spark

### II. Translate from Russian into English

(10 points)

1. сопроводительное письмо	7. быть семейным человеком, верить в семейные ценности
2. избегать споров	8. ставить под вопрос чьи-либо суждения
3. стать свидетелем чего-либо	9. общительный, дружелюбный
4. быть преданным кому-либо	10. наглый, нахальный
5. заметить, узнать кого-либо	
6. направить энергию на что-либо	

### III. Complete the eight compound adjectives using the words given. Use each word only once

(8 points)

sensitive centred going working minded fashioned looking headed

1. self-	5. over-
2. old-	6. big-
3. easy-	7. absent-
4. hard-	8. good-

**IV. Fill in the gaps with the appropriate prepositions**

(11 points)

1. I found a new penpal \_\_\_\_ the Net.
2. You should look smart when you go \_\_\_\_ an interview.
3. He is generous; so many people take advantage \_\_\_\_ him.
4. While passing through the Customs you should fill \_\_\_\_ different forms.
5. He was ill and missed a lot of lectures, that's why it was difficult for him to catch \_\_\_\_\_ his group.
6. The strict manner put the students \_\_\_\_ the new teacher.
7. My mother is the kindest person I've ever known – she would give her neighbour the shirt \_\_\_\_ her back.
8. When I can't be \_\_\_\_ control of the situation it makes me nervous.
9. How do you feel \_\_\_\_ her? Do you fancy her?
10. Yesterday I got the job I've always wanted – I'm \_\_\_\_ the moon!

**V. Each sentence contains 1 word that is logically incorrect. Correct them**

(20 points)

1. After many years he has found his Miss Einstein and they got married.
2. I was quite well-off; I couldn't afford to buy anything except essentials.
3. How many times more will you write 'address' without double 'd'? You should make this mistake more and more!
4. Why doesn't he call?! It's so easy to take the receiver and send an e-mail.
5. He is an outsider. People start listening to him when he just opens his mouth.
6. He stood on one knee and holding a ring married her.
7. When I got off a plane and went to take my belongings it turned out they'd lost my ticket.
8. The hostess gave me a cup of tea and asked to get as nervous as possible.
9. Oh, you've got a car! Will you walk with me to the nearest cafe?
10. She knows how to say both funny and sharp things, she's so modest.

**VI. Read the gapped text. Fill in the gaps with one of the four answers given**

(8 points)

'Jane, will you marry me?'

It was not the most romantic of settings. Graham and Jane were in the supermarket, and Jane was in the (1)\_\_\_\_\_ of pointing out to Graham that

the supermarket's own (2)\_\_\_\_\_ of soup was exactly the same as the more famous, but more expensive, soup next to it.

'Don't be silly Graham,' was Jane's reply.

'I'm not being silly. I'm deadly serious.' To (3)\_\_\_\_\_ it, Graham got down on one knee. 'Graham, people are looking. Get up!'

'Not until you give me an answer,' said Graham, beginning to get annoyed.

'All right. The answer's no.'

Graham paused. 'No?' he finally said. 'No? Why not? Give me one good (4)\_\_\_\_\_ .' He began to feel slightly uncomfortable – physically and emotionally.

'I can't believe we're having this conversation here,' said Jane. 'Let's just finish the shopping and go home.'

'I'm not going anywhere until you've explained to me why we shouldn't get married. We love each other!'

'Of course we do,' said Jane, (5)\_\_\_\_\_ if she was talking to a young child, 'but that doesn't mean we should get married, does it? You get married when you want to settle (6)\_\_\_\_\_ and make a life together. It's far too early to think about marriage. Ask me again in a year or two, if we're still going (7)\_\_\_\_\_ together.'

'If...if,' stammered Graham. 'You think we might not be?'

'Graham!' said Jane. 'You're being ridiculous! Now, let's not talk about it again. (8)\_\_\_\_\_ me a packet of spaghetti, would you?'

Graham handed Jane the spaghetti. 'So, you'll think about it, then?' he asked eventually.

Jane rolled her eyes, let out a deep sigh, and pushed the trolley over to the breakfast cereals.

- |               |            |           |            |
|---------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| 1. a) focus   | b) middle  | c) centre | d) heart   |
| 2. a) product | b) mark    | c) brand  | d) style   |
| 3. a) present | b) exhibit | c) reveal | d) prove   |
| 4. a) thought | b) sense   | c) reason | d) cause   |
| 5. a) as      | b) even    | c) what   | d) only    |
| 6. a) down    | b) in      | c) up     | d) on      |
| 7. a) by      | b) off     | c) out    | d) with    |
| 8. a) Deliver | b) Pass    | c) Donate | d) Forward |

## TEST 4

### UNIT 4. ADRENALIN

Total: 74 points

#### I. Translate from English into Russian

(10 points)

1. adrenalin rush	6. scuba diving
2. marsh	7. to be hooked
3. national team	8. it was rubbish
4. a lasting damage	9. draw
5. prime skills	10. roller-coaster

#### II. Translate from Russian into English

(10 points)

1. жить на чемоданах	6. столкнуться с кем/чем-либо
2. это была скука смертная	7. благотворительность
3. добровольно	8. получать «кайф» от чего-либо
4. застрять в пробке	9. замедлиться
5. любитель, непрофессионал	10. гонка на время

#### III. Name 2 words connected with this sport (place, equipment etc.)

(20 points)

1. archery	6. rugby
2. boxing	7. tennis
3. basketball	8. sailing
4. swimming	9. cricket
5. baseball	10. golf

#### IV. You will hear 5 people talking about sport. Match each speaker with the statements given. There is one odd statement

(10 points)

- a) She enjoys watching team sports.
- b) She wants to join a team to play a sport.
- c) She thinks sport is a good way to keep fit.
- d) She likes playing sports with her friends.
- e) She would like to try a dangerous sport.
- f) She thinks watching sport is boring.

Speaker	1	2	3	4	5
Statement					

**V. Complete the following dialogues using an appropriate absolute adjective**  
(8 points)

A: Was the film funny? B: Yeah, it was absolutely (1) ____.	A: Were you frightened? B: Frightened! I was completely (5) ____.
A: Was she angry? B: Angry! She was (2) ____.	A: Were you pleased with your birthday present? B: Yes, I was (6) ____.
A: Are you tired? B: Yeah, I'm totally (3) ____.	A: Did you have a good time? B: It was great – absolutely (7) ____.
A: Is the book good? B: Yes, it's absolutely (4) ____.	A: What's your pizza like? B: (8) ____ . I can't eat it!

**VI. Read the text and choose the correct word for each blank in the text from the list on the right**  
(16 points)

<p>I'm interested in (1) _____ especially (2) _____ and I run seven or eight kilometers every day. I particularly enjoy (3) _____ where you have to run across fields, (4) _____ over streams and so on. (5) _____ I'm running I think about all sorts of things, and at the end of a (6) _____ I'm sometimes surprised to find that I've managed to solve a problem that was on my mind. Next year I'm going to try the London (7) _____. It's a long, hard (8) _____ 26 miles, or 42 kilometers and you have to be (9) _____ to finish, but I very much want to do it. I (10) _____ a bit about getting old, and I'd like to prove to myself that I'm still almost as (11) _____ as I was twenty years ago. I'm interested in (12) _____ as well as (13) _____. I'll never become an expert (14) _____ but I know what I'm doing in the mountains. I easily completed a course in snow and ice (15) _____ when I was younger, and I've done a series of successful (16) _____ in the Alps during the last few years.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) cross country</li> <li>    running</li> <li>b) while</li> <li>c) worry</li> <li>d) marathon</li> <li>e) mountaineering</li> <li>f) jump</li> <li>g) climbing</li> <li>h) athletics</li> <li>i) run</li> <li>j) tough</li> <li>k) fit</li> <li>l) climbing</li> <li>m) race</li> <li>n) climbs</li> <li>o) sport</li> <li>p) climber</li> </ul>
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## TEST 5 UNIT 5. KIDS

Total: 50 points

### I. Translate from English into Russian

(10 points)

1. undergraduate	6. watermelon
2. to back-pedal	7. flush of triumph
3. to tuck smb in	8. be jazzed up
4. moment of glory	9. to flash by
5. gooseberry	10. cot

### II. Translate from Russian into English

(10 points)

1. желток	6. коляска
2. кожа да кости	7. Минуточку!
3. быть признательным кому-либо	8. держаться позади
4. сложить руки на груди	9. по дороге домой
5. акушерка	10. вдребезги

### III. Answer the following questions

(6 points)

1. Who wears a nappy and a bib?
2. What does a swot do a lot of?
3. What does a truant not do?
4. When do you take a mock exam?
5. What does a baby do with a dummy?
6. What is a bully?

### IV. Fill in the gaps with the words in the appropriate form

(10 points)

1. He can't hear what you say – he's been \_\_\_\_ since he was born.
2. I will buy you an ice cream because today you were as good as \_\_\_\_.
3. What's this? I don't have a \_\_\_\_.
4. When he saw her in that gorgeous dress he stopped \_\_\_\_.
5. Other kids don't like her because she's a teacher's \_\_\_\_.
6. I \_\_\_\_ in business school for a three-month course.

7. When you ride a bike you shouldn't take your hands off the \_\_\_ – you may fall down and get hurt.
8. Yesterday Sarah made an \_\_\_ that Bill and she were going to marry.
9. What's your \_\_\_ ambition in life?
10. She took my blouse and returned it with a big black \_\_\_. I'd never give her any outfits again.

**V. Read the text and answer the questions after it choosing the most appropriate option**

(14 points)

Damian would never have called himself a bully. A victim of bullying himself on occasion, if he'd thought for one second that he was bullying his classmates, he would have been devastated. The idea that he bullied his friends had never even entered his head. But now he was having to face up to the fact that perhaps in certain ways he was a bully. It had all started in the mid-morning break, when Damian and a couple of his friends were discussing what to do about Frank Rice. Frank Rice was a bully and the whole school knew it. The question was, should they tell a member of staff the next time Frank picked on one of them? Damian thought they should. Chris and Will thought that they shouldn't. As they were arguing, Damian said: 'We've got to do something. He's making people's lives a misery. It can't go on like this. There was silence when Chris replied: 'Well, he's not the only one, you know. You should take a look in the mirror, Damian, before accusing other people. You're not perfect, you know.'

Damian was so shocked, he didn't know how to reply. He didn't know where to begin. Finally, he managed to ask: 'What on earth do you mean? You're not suggesting I'm a bully, are you? How am I like Frank Rice?'

Will explained. 'No, you're not like Frank Rice at all. Chris didn't mean that. You don't hit people, you don't want to be horrible and nasty. You're usually just trying to be funny, but sometimes the things you say do hurt people. Quite often, in fact.' 'Give me an example,' said Damian.

'Well, take yesterday, for example,' said Will, 'when we were in the changing room after football. You kept saying how Chris was such a terrible goalie, you seriously wondered if he'd been bribed by the other team.'

'I was only joking!' protested Damian. 'You know that, Chris, don't you? I was only teasing.'

‘That’s exactly the point,’ said Will. ‘You were teasing Chris. And you do that a lot. It’s not very nice you know. I could see that Chris was upset, even if you didn’t notice.’

‘Were you, Chris?’

‘Well, I can’t say I enjoyed it, to be honest. And Will’s right. You do seem to do it a lot.’

The bell rang, and they went off to class. Damian found it hard to concentrate for the rest of the morning. The conversation he’d had with Will and Chris kept coming back to haunt him. Was he a bully? If he was, he certainly didn’t mean to be. But there was no escaping the fact that two very good friends of his thought that his comments often hurt them.

At lunch, Damian, as usual, sat next to Chris and Will. ‘Guys, I’ve been thinking about what we were talking about earlier and I think you’re right. I just want to say that I’m really, really sorry. You’re my best friends, and I’d never do anything to hurt you on purpose. I can see that I do sometimes say things that would upset you, and I’m going to make a real effort not to do that from now on. Still friends?’

‘Of course we are, Damian,’ said Chris. ‘But thanks.’

‘No problem,’ said Will.

In the changing room that afternoon after football practice, Damian, Chris and Will were discussing the game. Will had fallen over the ball at one point, and Damian was just about to make a joke about it when he stopped himself. ‘Am I allowed to say something like that?’ he thought to himself. ‘We are friends. We’ve got to be able to joke with each other. Or is it too nasty?’ Damian decided not to say anything on this occasion, but he began to realise that keeping his promise to Chris and Will would not be as easy as he’d thought.

1. From the first paragraph we learn that Damian has

- 1) sometimes been bullied by other people
- 2) never thought about bullying before
- 3) briefly considered bullying his classmates
- 4) only been bullied once in his life.

2. The boys disagree about whether

- 1) Frank will bully them again in the future
- 2) they should have told a teacher about Frank

- 3) Frank is making people feel very miserable
- 4) to tell a teacher if Frank bullies them again.

3. When Chris tells Damian to 'take a look in the mirror', he means Damian should

- 1) look at what Frank has done to him
- 2) take more care with his appearance
- 3) think about his own behaviour
- 4) remember that no one is perfect.

4. Will's explanation to Damian suggests that Frank Rice

- 1) never tries to make people laugh
- 2) sometimes uses physical violence
- 3) doesn't want to be nasty either
- 4) only uses language to hurt people.

5. The example from the previous day that Will gives shows that

- 1) Will thinks it is extremely funny when Damian teases Chris
- 2) Damian only teases Chris and never makes jokes about Will
- 3) Damian's jokes about Chris and Will can sometimes be cruel
- 4) Chris gets more upset by Damian's comments than Will does.

6. Damian finds it difficult to concentrate in class because he

- 1) is angry his friends have accused him of being a bully
- 2) believes he will never be friends with Chris and Will again
- 3) is continually looked at by Will and Chris during the lessons
- 4) can't stop thinking about what he's been accused of.

7. In the changing room, Damian understands that

- 1) it is difficult to balance making jokes with being nice
- 2) he has already broken his promise to Chris and Will
- 3) keeping his promise is the most important thing to him
- 4) stopping himself from saying nasty things will be impossible.

## TEST 6

### UNIT 6. NEWS

Total: 65 points

#### I. Translate from English into Russian

(10 points)

1. to air concerns over the ever-growing problem	6. to sack
2. coup d'etat	7. police cell
3. to hold the floor	8. Guess what!
4. to fall flat	9. to follow one's example
5. rocky ravine	10. to harass

#### II. Translate from Russian into English

(10 points)

1. принять кого-либо за кого-либо	6. инвалидное кресло
2. оправдать	7. отомстить кому-либо
3. убегать, ускользать	8. позвольте мне закончить
4. печатать на первой полосе	9. беглый
5. очевидно	10. преследовать

#### III. You will hear a conversation between a reporter and a director of the museum. Listen and choose the correct option. You will hear the record twice

(12 points)

- Somebody has stolen a painting from the museum.  
a) True                      b) False                      c) Not Stated
- This is the first time something has been stolen from the museum.  
a) True                      b) False                      c) Not Stated
- The crime happened during the night.  
a) True                      b) False                      c) Not Stated
- Two people were working at the museum when the crime happened.  
a) True                      b) False                      c) Not Stated
- The museum is closed at the moment.  
a) True                      b) False                      c) Not Stated
- The police think they will probably catch the criminals.  
a) True                      b) False                      c) Not Stated

#### IV. Complete the expressions by rearranging the mixed up words

(5 points)

1. You look upset. What's the tramet?
2. You diito! I don't believe you did that!
3. Oh dear – I'm rosyr to rhae that.
4. How seabargsmrin! I'd die if that happened to me.
5. Well done – ogtrscatnnaulio!

#### V. Add the missing verbs in the correct form

(5 points)

1. She was so angry she \_\_\_\_\_ him a black eye.
2. Six people were \_\_\_\_\_ with assault.
3. He \_\_\_\_\_ out of his way to help them.
4. It \_\_\_\_\_ me very angry when she said that.
5. I offered to help him, but he told me to \_\_\_\_\_ him alone.

#### VI. Complete each sentence with a derivative formed from the word in capitals

(10 points)

1. Are you going to _____ an exam you failed?	SIT
2. The pressure group is against the _____ of privacy.	INVADE
3. We have a _____ of workers at the moment.	SHORT
4. He had increased the sum of his _____ two days before the fatal accident.	INSURE
5. To end on a _____ note, the couple remarried soon after that.	HAPPY
6. She _____ begged not to leave her.	TEAR
7. The paparazzi took photos of her in an _____ pose.	FLATTER
8. The discussion about, whether he was _____ or it was just an accident, is still burning.	ASSASSIN
9. Tabloid press is full of stories about _____.	CELEBRATE
10. The _____ for the President announced there was nothing to fear.	SPEAK

## VII. Fill in the gaps with the missing parts of phrasal verbs

(13 points)

1. Keep \_\_\_\_\_ her – she’s dangerous.
2. Do you go \_\_\_\_\_ me on that?
3. I’m fed \_\_\_\_\_ him!
4. The weather’s so bad that we’ll have to call \_\_\_\_\_ the picnic.
5. My younger sister has always been looking \_\_\_\_\_ me as a role model.
6. Do you really think I’d believe that?! You just made it \_\_\_\_\_!
7. When we moved into the new flat for some time we had to do \_\_\_\_\_ some essentials.
8. I can’t give you a lift because my car broke \_\_\_\_\_.
9. If you don’t succeed keep \_\_\_\_\_ trying and never give in.

## TEST 7

### UNIT 7. PARTY & UNIT 8. REVIEW 1

Total: 54 points

#### I. Translate from English into Russian

(10 points)

1. stag party	6. to let one’s hair down
2. That’s a good point	7. at short notice
3. to turn down	8. festive vibe
4. third party	9. previous engagement
5. salmon	10. life-like

#### II. Translate from Russian into English

(10 points)

1. быть не от мира сего	6. местонахождение
2. Поправляйся скорее	7. задуть свечи
3. Ты шутишь!	8. Живем лишь однажды
4. отходы	9. поисковая группа
5. юность	10. сокращать, урезать

**III. Find the synonyms of the definitions by solving the anagrams in the box**  
(10 points)

a) kate ni	f) risohtc
b) rptya ropope	g) rumon
c) siucanne	h) gahn no
d) ryfur octa	i) pumb toni
e) ndeaag	j) dunf-sranigi

- 1) a piece of clothing, that is made from an animal skin covered with soft hair;
- 2) the activity of trying to persuade people or organizations to give money for a specific purpose, especially for a charity or political party;
- 3) someone who is not willing to take part in an activity or who spoils other people's enjoyment of it;
- 4) a large African bird with a long neck and long legs that runs very fast but cannot fly;
- 5) to wait or be patient;
- 6) to allow someone to stay in your house or your country;
- 7) a list of things that people will discuss at a meeting;
- 8) to feel extremely sad because someone has died, and express this in public or to be sad or disappointed because something no longer exists or is not as good as it was in the past;
- 9) to meet someone unexpectedly;
- 10) something that is annoying and is a continuing problem.

**IV. Phrasal verbs: complete the sentences by adding the missing particles**  
(10 points)

1. Thomas leaves for India tomorrow. We're all going to the airport to see him \_\_\_\_.
2. The fireworks lit \_\_\_\_ the whole sky.
3. That was Pilar on the phone. She wants to know what's going \_\_\_\_ this afternoon.
4. Do you think we need to get dressed \_\_\_\_ for the party?
5. The children usually wake me \_\_\_\_ long before the alarm clock does.
6. Don't sit there on your own. Come on and join \_\_\_\_ the fun!
7. A bomb went \_\_\_\_ in the shopping centre at the weekend.
8. Their house burnt \_\_\_\_ while they were on holiday.

9. I think you should get \_\_\_\_\_ to your homework now.  
10. She really takes \_\_\_\_\_ her mother, doesn't she?

**V. Reading**

1. *Read the magazine article below and answer the questions choosing the correct answer*  
(7 points)

**NEW YEAR'S CELEBRATIONS**

New Year's Day is celebrated all over the world, but not always at the same time. Our New Year starts on 1 January but the Chinese New Year takes place any time between 21 January and 19 February, depending on the year. In Germany, a few centuries ago, people celebrated the New Year in November, because this was the time when they had finished bringing in the harvest. They looked forward to this part of the year because after the harvest they would have a period of rest when they could relax and have fun.

Nowadays, New Year is regarded as a time for celebrating and for making a new start in life. People wish each other 'Happy New Year' and often send special greeting cards. In recent years, these cards have been replaced by colourful e-mail messages. In many European countries, people make New Year's resolutions. This involves people promising themselves that they will improve their behaviour in some way, by giving up bad habits. People might decide to give up smoking, for example, or to go on a diet. These promises are often broken in the first few days of the New Year, however!

On New Year's Eve many people go to the parties or get together with their families, neighbours or friends and they stay up until midnight to see the New Year in. Some people can't resist drinking a little bit more than they should on this night. In Britain and especially in Scotland, they sing a special song called 'Auld Lang Syne'. In London, people gather to celebrate in Trafalgar Square, waiting for Big Ben to strike twelve. When it is almost midnight people are very quiet but when Big Ben begins to strike they all start cheering. People greet each other with 'Happy New Year' and some even kiss the police who are there to control the crowd. It would be more accurate to say that the police *try* to control the crowd but in such an atmosphere it is very difficult, and a lot of people end up in the fountain in the Square with all their clothes on.

In China, days before New Year's Day, every family is busy giving its house a thorough cleaning. They hope to sweep away all the ill-fortune there may have been in the family to make way for good luck in the coming year. People also

paint their doors and windows red. The New Year's Eve supper is an important family event. All members of the family like to have dinner together. When it is over, the whole family stays up late playing cards or board games. At midnight the whole sky is coloured with fireworks. Very early next morning, children greet their parents and receive their present: money wrapped in red paper.

1. New Year in China falls

- a) on 1 February
- b) on the same day every year
- c) on the same day every February
- d) later than in Europe.

2. In Germany the New Year was originally

- a) a celebration to mark the end of winter
- b) a celebration at the end of the harvest
- c) celebrated by holding a big party
- d) a time when people were on holiday.

3. The promises people make for the New Year

- a) don't last long
- b) make them healthier
- c) change their lives
- d) are written on special cards.

4. On New Year's Eve people

- a) never drink alcohol
- b) sometimes drink too much
- c) drink a special New Year's drink
- d) start drinking at midnight.

5. In Trafalgar Square on New Year's Eve

- a) the police take part in the party
- b) people are allowed to kiss the police
- c) the police don't work very hard
- d) the police try to stop people from jumping in the fountain.

6. In China, people clean their houses before the New Year

- a) to get rid of all bad things that have happened during the year
- b) because a dirty house is full of ghosts
- c) because it brings the whole family together
- d) to get them ready to be painted.

7. The New Year's Eve supper in China

- a) starts with games involving all the family
- b) is accompanied by a firework display
- c) brings together the whole family
- d) has several different courses.

2. Find words in the text that have similar meaning to the following ones  
(7 points)

- a) try to avoid doing something
- b) meet
- c) occurs
- d) bad luck
- e) decisions
- f) stop doing something
- g) make better

## TEST 8 UNIT 9. SOAP

Total: 54 points

### I. Translate from English into Russian

(10 points)

1. brain tumour	6. to confide in
2. valuables	7. camera zooms in on the actor
3. managing director	8. to get a game
4. son-in-law	9. age gap
5. I've told you once and I'll tell you again	10. cashflow

### II. Translate from Russian into English

(10 points)

1. обычный, общепринятый	7. происходить в (о действии фильма)
2. захватить (компанию)	8. завести роман
3. игривая улыбка	9. суметь, удаться
4. помириться	10. стихийное бедствие
5. Никому ни слова!	
6. гвоздика	

**III. Listening: You will hear an interview with Alan Dawson who has just taken part in a film. Choose one of the options in tasks 1-7. You will hear the record twice**

(14 points)

1. Alan says that

- 1) he probably won't be in the finished film
- 2) people might not see him in the film
- 3) he's one of the stars of the film.

2. The film 'Battle of the Giants' was

- 1) completely made in Hollywood
- 2) not made in Hollywood at all
- 3) partly made in Alan's local area.

3. The advertisement which Alan saw called for people

- 1) who were particularly good-looking
- 2) with plenty of acting experience
- 3) who wanted a minor role in a film.

4. Before the film, Alan had

- 1) never done any acting at all
- 2) only done a small amount of acting
- 3) done a large amount of acting.

5. Alan heard from the film production company

- 1) one day after he had applied
- 2) one week after he had applied
- 3) three months after he had applied.

6. Alan thinks the purpose of the interview was to

- 1) test how good at acting he was
- 2) see if he really wanted to be in the film
- 3) measure him for some clothes.

7. Most of the work Alan did on the film involved

- 1) standing in a crowd of people
- 2) learning how to act properly
- 3) running away from the giants.

**IV. Vocabulary: everyday expressions. Complete the expressions by adding a word from the box. Use all the words**

(10 points)

*serves idea dare matter business care up up over mean*

I'm not telling you. Mind your own (1) \_\_\_\_\_!

What's the (2) \_\_\_\_\_? Are you OK?

I don't (3) \_\_\_\_\_ where we go. It's (4) \_\_\_\_\_ to you.

It's very sad but she'll get (5) \_\_\_\_\_ it.

What are you (6) \_\_\_\_\_ to? Come on, tell me.

How (7) \_\_\_\_\_ you! I've never been so insulted in all my life.

Have you any (8) \_\_\_\_\_ what her name is?

You shouldn't have drunk so much. It (9) \_\_\_\_\_ you right!

I see what you (10) \_\_\_\_\_. It's not as easy as it looks.

**V. Fill in the gaps with the words in the appropriate form**

(10 points)

1. We are a typical \_\_\_\_\_ family: mom, dad and I.
2. My husband and I decided to divide the \_\_\_\_\_ - I cook and he does the washing up.
3. These two companies are \_\_\_\_\_ a deal but both don't want to compromise, so probably it won't work out.
4. What makes a face attractive? - \_\_\_\_\_ eyes and big smile.
5. I'm having \_\_\_\_\_ about buying the car. I'm really doubting that it is reasonable now.
6. In the middle of the night the ground started shaking, it was a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.
7. So, do you like blondes or brunettes? - Well, it all \_\_\_\_\_.
8. He doesn't say anything in this film, he's just a \_\_\_\_\_.
9. He parked his car in a wrong place and had to pay a \_\_\_\_\_.
10. I'm sorry, sir. Your ticket isn't \_\_\_\_\_. You see, the date has expired.

## TEST 9

### UNIT 10. TIME

Total: 83 points

#### I. Translate from English into Russian

(10 points)

1. boarding pass	6. dress-down day
2. for the time being	7. the other way round
3. to save the day	8. civil servant
4. premises	9. Time heals all wounds
5. to divert suspicion	10. to drop in

#### II. Translate from Russian into English

(10 points)

1. заразная болезнь	7. прилагать усилия
2. расставлять приоритеты	8. исполнительный директор
3. конкурирующий	9. помнить о чем-либо, держать в уме
4. запрет	10. колготки
5. На сегодня хватит!	
6. использовать время наилуч- шим образом	

#### III. Listening

1. Listen and write the dates you hear; there will be 18 of them  
(18 points)

2. Listen and write the time you hear (in numbers); there will be 21 of them  
(21 points)

3. Listen to the short dialogues and write the time you hear (in numbers);  
there will be 4 of them  
(4 points)

#### IV. Prepositions. Complete the sentences by adding an appropriate preposition

(14 points)

1. She was born \_\_\_\_ 1988.
2. Her birthday is \_\_\_\_ 15<sup>th</sup> May.
3. I last saw them \_\_\_\_ New Year's Day.
4. I never work \_\_\_\_ the evening.

5. I saw them \_\_\_\_\_ the weekend.
6. We're hoping to go away for a few weeks \_\_\_\_\_ the summer.
7. It gets dark \_\_\_\_\_ around 3 o'clock \_\_\_\_\_ winter.
8. The bus is just about to leave. I hope he gets here \_\_\_\_\_ time.
9. What are you doing \_\_\_\_\_ the moment?
10. I seem to work best \_\_\_\_\_ night.
11. You've arrived late twice this week. I expect you \_\_\_\_\_ time tomorrow.
12. We're going there \_\_\_\_\_ October.
13. I'm going to see them \_\_\_\_\_ Wednesday afternoon.

**V. Write today's date in your paper. What is/was the date**

(8 points)

1. the day after tomorrow?
2. a week tomorrow?
3. the day before yesterday?
4. a fortnight today?
5. in four days' time?
6. the Friday after next?
7. a week yesterday?
8. three weeks today?

**VI. Read the gapped text. Fill in the gaps with one of the four answers given**

(16 points)

We take it for (1) \_\_\_\_\_ that a week is seven days, but where does the idea come from, where do the names for days of the week come from? It's difficult to be certain, but we can make some educated guesses. The story starts in ancient Babylon, the capital city of an empire in what is now Iraq. The Babylonians were (2) \_\_\_\_\_ on astronomy and were interested in measuring time. It is from them that we have (3) \_\_\_\_\_ the idea that there are sixty minutes in an hour and sixty seconds in a minute. Unlike the Egyptians, who divided their months into sets of ten days, the Babylonians split the month (4) \_\_\_\_\_ into four lots of seven days. The Hebrews, in ancient Israel, used the seven-day week, as we can see from the first book of the Bible, which describes God creating the Earth in seven days. Christianity (5) \_\_\_\_\_ the idea to the Romans, who used a seven-day week throughout their empire.

In some languages, such as Russian and Greek, most of the days of the week are named after their numerical position (first, second, etc.). However in

English the days (6) \_\_\_\_\_ their names from gods, as they did in Latin. When the Angles and the Saxons invaded England in the 500s, they kept some of the local names (Sunday, named after the Sun, Monday after the Moon and Saturday after the planet Saturn), but named others after their own gods. Tuesday is named after Tiw, the god of war, while Wednesday is the day of Odin (or Woden as he was also known), who was the (7) \_\_\_\_\_ god in Anglo-Saxon mythology. Odin's son, Thor, gives us Thursday. The Angles and Saxons believed that thunder was the sound of Thor's magic hammer. Friday is the only day of the week to be named after a goddess – Freyr. Freyr was the goddess of love and stories about her describe her as being very beautiful. She travelled in a wagon pulled by eight cats and could change herself into the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of any bird.

- |                 |              |              |                 |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 1. a) granted   | b) given     | c) assumed   | d) presumed     |
| 2. a) obsessed  | b) eager     | c) keen      | d) enthusiastic |
| 3. a) donated   | b) requested | c) inherited | d) descended    |
| 4. a) up        | b) out       | c) off       | d) on           |
| 5. a) repeated  | b) broadcast | c) shared    | d) spread       |
| 6. a) give      | b) have      | c) make      | d) take         |
| 7. a) lead      | b) chief     | c) front     | d) advance      |
| 8. a) condition | b) set       | c) state     | d) shape        |

## TEST 10

### UNIT 11. JOURNEY

Total: 88 points

#### I. Translate from English into Russian

(10 points)

1. package holiday	6. flea
2. as far as the eye can see	7. globetrotter
3. shrine	8. Fill her up, lead free!
4. to emotionally blackmail	9. to show up
5. Stock Exchange	10. to hit the road

## II. Translate from Russian into English

(10 points)

1. в пути	7. место у прохода (в самолете)
2. потрясающий/ужасный	8. заключить сделку
3. данный	9. полушарие
4. удача отвернется от него	10. багаж сверх нормы, излишек багажа
5. осуществить мечту	
6. впасть в депрессию	

## III. Listen to 18 short conversations involving people travelling on business.

Where are the speakers? Write the numbers of the conversations under the correct location below. You will hear the record twice

(18 points)

	In the taxi	On the plane	At the check-in	At customs	In departures	At the hotel
1.						
2.						
3.						

## IV. Vocabulary – describing places. Rearrange the mixed-up words

(6 points)

*Dear Milena,*

*Here we are in Karvala, a small coastal town in the south-west. Unfortunately, it's a bit more (1) **yostruti** than we'd imagined, but we have managed to get away from the crowds a bit. We're staying in a tiny hut on the cliff top (2) **vonjeloriko** a beautiful, (3) **dnsay** beach. The locals are (4) **rlfinedy** and the views are simply (5) **treihktagban**. I'm in (6) **sepadari**!*

*Love,*

*Astrid XXX*

## V. Fill in the blanks with prepositions

(29 points)

1. How much do you charge \_\_\_\_\_ the luggage excess?
2. Can I check in here \_\_\_\_\_ the Air France flight \_\_\_\_\_ Paris?
3. Please make a written declaration \_\_\_\_\_ the goods you bought abroad.
4. Our cabin is \_\_\_\_\_ a lower deck.
5. The voyage \_\_\_\_\_ England \_\_\_\_\_ Australia used to take several months.

6. We're thinking \_\_\_\_\_ taking a trip \_\_\_\_\_ the mountains now that winter's here.
7. They're going \_\_\_\_\_ a trip \_\_\_\_\_ Australia to show the baby \_\_\_\_\_ their relatives.
8. I sailed \_\_\_\_\_ Bombay \_\_\_\_\_ November 11, arriving a month later \_\_\_\_\_ England.
9. I used to hitch myself, so now I always pick \_\_\_\_\_ people \_\_\_\_\_ the side \_\_\_\_\_ the road.
10. It's a grueling 12-hour journey \_\_\_\_\_ Lhasa \_\_\_\_\_ car.
11. Our flight was delayed, so we were stuck \_\_\_\_\_ the airport all night.
12. Christie did not like long voyages because she suffered \_\_\_\_\_ seasickness.
13. \_\_\_\_\_ the car ride \_\_\_\_\_ the airport he told her all about the trip.
14. The airport was jammed \_\_\_\_\_ thousands \_\_\_\_\_ passengers from delayed or cancelled flights.
15. I was \_\_\_\_\_ four-lane highway, finally free \_\_\_\_\_ the downtown traffic.

**VI. Read the text. Complete the sentences using the words from the box**  
(15 points)

bus station	landmarks	travelling	traffic	drive
driver	tourist	traveller	way	airport
signs	bus	had been delayed	plane	police car

**THE WORST TOURIST**

The least successful (1) \_\_\_\_\_ on record is Mr Nicholas Scotti of San Francisco. In 1977 he flew from America to his native Italy to visit relatives.

On the way the plane made a one-hour fuel stop at Kennedy Airport. Thinking that he had arrived, Mr Scotti got out and spent two days in New York believing he was in Rome. When his nephews were not there to meet him, Mr Scotti assumed they (2) \_\_\_\_\_ in the heavy Roman (3) \_\_\_\_\_ mentioned in their letters. While tracking down their address, the great (4) \_\_\_\_\_ could not help noticing that modernization had brushed aside most, if not all, of the ancient city's (5) \_\_\_\_\_.

He also noticed that many people spoke English with a distinct American accent. Furthermore, he assumed it was for his benefit that so many street (6) \_\_\_\_\_ were written in English.

Mr Scotti spoke very little English himself and next asked a policeman (in Italian) the (7) \_\_\_\_\_ to the (8) \_\_\_\_\_. As chance would have it, the policeman came from Naples and replied fluently in the same tongue.

After twelve hours (9) \_\_\_\_\_ round on a (10) \_\_\_\_\_, the (11) \_\_\_\_\_ handed him over to a second policeman. There followed a brief argument in which Mr Scotti expressed amazement at the Rome police force employing someone who did not speak his own language.

Scotti’s brilliance is seen in the fact that even when told he was in New York, he refused to believe it.

To get him on a (12) \_\_\_\_\_ back to San Francisco, he was raced to the (13) \_\_\_\_\_ in a (14) \_\_\_\_\_ with sirens screaming. “See,” said Scotti to his interpreter, “I know I’m in Italy. That’s how they (15) \_\_\_\_\_ .”

## TEST 11 UNIT 12. BASICS

Total: 61 points

### I. Translate from English into Russian

(10 points)

1. stroke of luck	6. to be home and dry
2. to make matters worse	7. cockroach
3. wormwood	8. a full refund
4. to catch up on one’s sleep	9. wholemeal bread
5. draught beer	10. marquee

### II. Translate from Russian into English(10 points)

1. пища для размышлений	7. мясо средней прожарки
2. спать на животе	8. сокращать продолжительность жизни
3. графин	9. как дома
4. оранжерея	10. есть большая вероятность
5. галлюциногенный	
6. кабачок цуккини	

**III. Vocabulary – food: put the words below under the correct headings**

(6 points)

pepper    veal    trout    fig    salmon    bacon    onion    melon    cod  
turkey    aubergine    raspberry

1. Meat
2. Vegetables
3. Fish
4. Fruit

**IV. Vocabulary – adjectives: here are some mixed-up words used to describe the taste or texture of food. What are they?**

(6 points)

1. ncyruhc
2. abldn
3. cehyw
4. sragey
5. sycip
6. rbtime

**V. In a restaurant: here are four things you may hear or say in a restaurant.**

**Add the missing word**

(4 points)

1. Do you have a r\_\_\_\_\_?
2. A bottle of h\_\_\_\_\_ red, please.
3. Is e\_\_\_\_\_ OK?
4. Can we have the b\_\_\_\_\_, please?

**VI. Vocabulary – sleep: complete the missing words**

(6 points)

1. I'm exhausted – I can't stop y\_\_\_\_\_.
2. She's always up at the crack of dawn – she's a real e\_\_\_\_\_ b\_\_\_\_\_.
3. He's certainly a n\_\_\_\_\_ o\_\_\_\_\_. He's never in bed before one or two in the morning.
4. I usually have a n\_\_\_\_ most afternoons.
5. Have you ever suffered from i\_\_\_\_\_?
6. He s\_\_\_\_\_ all the time. I should get some earplugs!

## VII. Reading

1. Match each of the phrases below to another phrase that means something similar

(7 points)

1. simple meals	a) famous chefs
2. popular cooks	b) latest fact
3. safe cooking	c) hard work
4. new discovery	d) tasty food
5. difficult job	e) different routine
6. delicious snacks	f) easy dishes
7. changing habits	g) hygienic food

2. Match the topics A-G with the texts 1-6. There's one extra topic!

(6 points)

A. SIMPLE MEALS

B. POPULAR COOKS

C. SAFE COOKING

D. NEW DISCOVERY

E. DIFFICULT JOB

F. DELICIOUS SNACKS

G. CHANGING HABITS

### 1.

We're all used to the idea that there are simply four tastes. Our food can be sweet (like sugar), sour (like lemons), salty (like salt, of course) and bitter (like olives). Now scientists have found that parts of the tongue react to a fifth taste, which they call 'umami'. Umami is quite a rich taste, found in red meat, soy sauce, mushrooms and hard cheese, such as Parmesan. The word 'umami' comes from Japanese.

### 2.

One thing you have to remember is that meat can contain bacteria. You have to be particularly careful with white meats like chicken and pork. Make sure that you cook them properly. Use a metal skewer or a fork to test whether the meat is done or not. The juices from the meat should be clear. You should also be careful when preparing food. Use separate chopping boards for meat and vegetables. The reason for this is that we don't want any bacteria from the meat to find their way onto our vegetables. They might not be killed when we cook the vegetables.

3.

Running a busy restaurant is a real challenge. A head chef has to be part army officer, part artist and part businessman. With so many people working in a busy kitchen, it's not easy to keep control and a head chef has to make sure that everyone does their job properly. At the same time, he or she has to create great food without wasting ingredients. It takes years of training to become a head chef and not everyone can do it.

4.

Walk into any bookshop or turn on your TV and you can't avoid celebrity chefs. They are famous for cooking and for teaching the nation how to cook. They each have their own style and their own fans, from the very friendly style of Jamie Oliver to the more formal style of Delia Smith. However, they all have one thing in common: they are all very good at communicating their enthusiasm for food and for cooking.

5.

The thought of cooking for friends at home makes most of us a little nervous. It needn't be such a nightmare, though. The secret is planning. If you keep your menu simple and stick to dishes you know well, your dinner party will be a success. Give your guests something that is easy to prepare and that doesn't mean you have to be in the kitchen all the time. That way, you can enjoy the occasion too!

6.

Traditionally, eating was something that we all did together as families. In the past, most parents insisted that the whole family sat around the dining table at a certain time. All that has changed. These days, we're more likely to watch TV while we eat, or to eat at different times from the other members of our family. In a world where it's so easy to cook a microwave meal in seconds and both parents go out to work, it's very rare for families to share their news over a good meal.

3. *Read the six texts above and complete each of the following sentences with a word or phrase from the text*

(6 points)

**Text 1:** Researchers \_\_\_\_ there are actually five tastes.

**Text 2:** You have to cook meat to kill all the \_\_\_\_.

**Text 3:** Being a head chef is a real \_\_\_\_.

**Text 4:** \_\_\_\_ chefs teach viewers and readers how to cook.

**Text 5:** You should choose something that is \_\_\_\_ to prepare for a dinner party.

**Text 6:** Today, more people \_\_\_\_ while they eat.

## TEST 12

### UNIT 13. COMMUNICATION

Total: 64 points

#### I. Translate from English into Russian

(10 points)

1. Would you like to hold?	6. starting point
2. You can say that again	7. highlights
3. to budget	8. search engine
4. if I were in your shoes...	9. to extend one's overdraft limit
5. to collate the results	10. to enjoy the peace and quiet

#### II. Translate from Russian into English

(10 points)

1. добавочный код	6. привести к увеличению комиссии банка
2. стереотип	7. говорить ерунду
3. плата за вход	8. после сигнала
4. придавать большое значение	9. лично
5. перво-наперво	10. поддержать кого-либо

#### III. Listening

(8 points)

a) You will hear a woman leaving an answer-phone message about an interview. Write one or two words or a number in the numbered spaces on the notes below

Call Cynthia Post to confirm new meeting time with (1) \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ on Thursday (2) \_\_\_\_\_ at (3) \_\_\_\_\_. Telephone number  
(4) \_\_\_\_\_.

b) Look at the form below. You will hear a man calling his bank. Write one or two words or a number in the numbered spaces on the form below

**Phone message**

**Date:** 18/10/2008

**Message for:** Andrew McNair

**From:** (1) \_\_\_\_\_

**Message:** error on statement number (2) \_\_\_\_\_ for the amount of (3) \_\_\_\_\_.

Please call him back on (4) \_\_\_\_\_.

**IV. On the phone: put an appropriate word in each space**

(8 points)

Receptionist: JKL Computers.

Nicola: Hi, I'd like to (1) \_\_\_\_\_ to Jonathan Wood, please.

Receptionist: Who's (2) \_\_\_\_\_ please?

Nicola: My name's Nicola Moore.

Receptionist: OK. (3) \_\_\_\_\_ on please, I'll (4) \_\_\_\_\_ you (5) \_\_\_\_\_.

Jonathan: Hello Jonathan Wood speaking.

\*\*\*

Dai: Hello.

Carla: Hi. Is Ngyen (6) \_\_\_\_\_?

Dai: Yes, he is. I (7) \_\_\_\_\_ go and (8) \_\_\_\_\_ him for you.

Ngyen: Hello. Ngyen here.

**V. Proverbs: Join the two halves to make some well-known proverbs AND EXPLAIN THEM IN ENGLISH**

(16 points)

1. Too many cooks	a) the iron is hot.
2. Easy come,	b) crying over spilt milk.
3. When the cat's away,	c) spoil the broth.
4. Strike while	d) the mice will play.
5. Absence makes	e) make light work.
6. It's no use	f) the heart grow fonder.
7. No pain,	g) easy go.
8. Many hands	h) no gain.

**VI. Make and do: which verb, make or do, collocates with each of the following?**

(10 points)

1. _____ the shopping	7. _____ an effort
2. _____ the driving	8. _____ up your mind
3. _____ the bed	9. _____ a decision
4. _____ the cleaning	10. _____ a noise
5. _____ some damage	11. _____ smb. a favour
6. _____ arrangements	12. _____ the accounts

**TEST 13  
UNIT 14. STYLE**

Total: 50 points

**I. Translate from English into Russian**

(10 points)

1. velvet	6. neither here nor there
2. strong grip	7. old flame
3. to move downmarket	8. fringe
4. chatterbox	9. to make ends meet
5. Every shoe doesn't fit every foot	10. PR coup

**II. Translate from Russian into English**

(10 points)

1. поверхностность	6. злиться на кого-либо
2. напряженная работа	7. аксессуар
3. иметь нюх на что-либо, глаз наметан	8. круассан
4. предположим, допустим	9. отворот
5. точная копия	10. авангардный

**III. Add the missing verbs in an appropriate form**

(8 points)

1. You'd better \_\_\_\_\_ dressed – the taxi will be here in a few minutes.
2. Excuse me. Can I \_\_\_\_\_ these jeans on? Sure, the changing rooms are over there.

3. I've got about a dozen socks here, but none of them \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Do you think this tie \_\_\_\_\_ with the shirt?
5. In the morning, I usually \_\_\_\_\_ on the first pair of trousers I see.
6. I've put on a lot of weight since I last wore these jeans. I hope they still \_\_\_\_\_ me.
7. I generally start \_\_\_\_\_ ready at least an hour before I go out.
8. You should buy it – it really \_\_\_\_\_ you.

**IV. Match each word with its antonym**

(6 points)

1. baggy	a) old-fashioned
2. smart	b) long-sleeved
3. formal	c) casual
4. scruffy	d) neat and tidy
5. up-to-date	e) informal
6. short-sleeved	f) tight-fitting

**V. Choose the correct words to complete the idioms**

(4 points)

1. He always wears his heart on his **collar/sleeve/tie**.
2. We're saving up for a new car so we've got to tighten our **belt/button/zip** for a while.
3. She's always got lots of ideas – I'm sure she'll have something up her **hat/trouser leg/sleeve**.
4. Marina and Pedro have split up. She gave him the **glove/boot/belt** last week.

**VI. Reading. Match the topics A-G with the texts 1-6. There's one extra topic!**

(12 points)

- A. HARD WORK
- B. POWERFUL PRODUCTS
- C. CHEAPER ALTERNATIVES
- D. DIFFERENT STYLES
- E. MODERN ATTITUDES
- F. FASHION ADVICE
- G. SPECIAL SIZES

### 1.

Not that long ago, men were often accused of being vain when they looked in a mirror to see if their hair was tidy, or were criticised for putting moisturising creams on their face. Today, however, it's quite normal for men to care about their appearance as much as women do. Some people would even consider men who don't take pride in how they dress and look to be old-fashioned!

### 2.

Do you watch fashion models walking down the catwalk in the latest styles at fashion shows and think: 'I'll never be able to afford that!?' You might be surprised to find that you can. Most high street stores these days stock clothes that are almost identical to the ones models were wearing at fashion shows only a few months ago. The difference is the price. The slinky black dress which the model was wearing may be ten times more expensive than the copy available in the high street!

### 3.

The thing about fashion is that it changes. Ia it didn't, it wouldn't be fashion! Things come into fashion, and then go out of fashion. Take jeans. In the 1970s, people wore jeans which were tight around the waist but became wider and wider towards the foot. This fashion of flared trousers had disappeared completely by the early 1980s and didn't reappear until the 1990s.

### 4.

Go into any supermarket or chemist and you'll see row upon row of gels, creams and mousses for your hair. Some are for women, some are for men and some are for children. What most of them have in common nowadays is that they claim to be extremely strong. The companies that produce them say in their advertisements that they keep you hair styled in the way that you want it for hours and hours, often even if you get you hair wet.

### 5.

Most clothes shops and shoe shops stock products for the average customer. For most of us, this isn't a big problem. If we buy a pair of jeans that are too long, we can get them taken up. For some people, however, it is difficult to find clothes and shoes in the high street that fit. So what should you do if you have extremely big feet, or are particularly large or small? Thankfully, there are a number of shops, catalogues and websites that make and sell shoes and clothes specifically for people who do not have average bodies.

## 6.

Although many teenage boys and girls dream of being models, the job isn't as glamorous or easy as it sounds. If you're on a fashion shoot, you may have to get there at five o'clock in the morning. You'll spend several hours getting your make-up put on and being dressed in the right clothes, and then several more hours posing for photographs. It can be tiring and boring and you might not be able to have anything to eat all day. Being a model is also stressful, as you never know whether you'll be offered work the next day, and you always have to look your best.

### TEST 14 UNIT 15. AGE & UNIT 16. REVIEW 2

Total: 49 points

#### I. Translate from English into Russian

(10 points)

1. prejudice	7. social security
2. somewhere in the region of 30	8. to get into a mess
3. to blow one's nose	9. Why on earth did you do that?
4. a pain in the neck	10. to fit much living into one's life
5. teetotaler	
6. compassionate	

#### II. Translate from Russian into English

(10 points)

1. по часовой стрелке	7. финансовые проблемы
2. близкая дружба	8. быть ориентированным на
3. выпалить что-либо	9. Мне бы не хотелось отвечать
4. в мое время	10. шаркать
5. переломный момент	
6. переодеться	

**III. You will hear an interview with a psychologist, Blaire Taylor. In tasks**

**1-7 choose one of the options. You will hear the record twice**

(14 points)

1. According to Blaire, life coaches

- 1) have busy schedules
- 2) often work in teams
- 3) offer support and advice.

2. As a life coach, Blaire

- 1) deals with many different kinds of problem
- 2) specialises in helping people with their careers
- 3) only deals with financial problems.

3. Blaire says that life coaches

- 1) are often medically trained
- 2) often want to help each other
- 3) are increasing in popularity.

4. Life coaches try to make people

- 1) be more trusting
- 2) deal with strangers
- 3) think about their life.

5. Blaire says that most people need

- 1) a number of sessions
- 2) a very long first session
- 3) just one session.

6. In a typical session, Blaire would ask if the client was

- 1) happy with her
- 2) worried about the sessions
- 3) having any problems.

7. The example of the actor shows

- 1) we can all be successful if we work hard
- 2) life coaches do benefit people
- 3) Blaire knows a lot of famous people.

**IV. Fill in the gaps with the suitable words**

(15 points)

1. Would you like to live \_\_\_ some parts of your life?
2. To everyone's \_\_\_ she passed her exams successfully.
3. It's so good to be a child and not to have a \_\_\_ in the world.

4. We have a \_\_\_ relationship and are planning to get married next autumn.
5. My \_\_\_ in life is to set up my own business.
6. It's very healthy to walk \_\_\_-footed in summer.
7. \_\_\_ length, he agreed.
8. What perfume are you \_\_\_?
9. In Russia children go to \_\_\_ school up to 6 years old.
10. Asking about a woman's age is \_\_\_ .
11. This dish is better cooked in the \_\_\_ than fried.
12. What's \_\_\_ your mind?
13. We had a \_\_\_ cut last evening, so I went to bed at 9.
14. Do you order anything by \_\_\_ order catalogues like 'Quelle'?
15. We need dice and \_\_\_ for this game.

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